



High School Correlation to Mathematics Content Standards

	Mathematics Curriculum Framework	I CAN Learn [®] Lesson Number	I CAN Learn [®] Lesson Title
ALGEBRA, FUNCTIONS AND GRAPHS			
9-12.A.1.1	Use the special symbols of mathematics correctly and precisely.	Throughout	
9-12.A.1.2	Classify and use equivalent representations of natural, whole, integer, rational, irrational numbers and complex numbers, and choose which type of number is appropriate in a given context.	HA1-020	Classifying Numbers into Subsets of Real Numbers
		HA1-095	Translating Word Phrases into Algebraic Expressions
		HA1-235	Applying Scientific Notation
		HA1-104	Translating Word Statements into Equations
		HA1-155	Writing an Equation to Solve Consecutive Integer Problems
		HA1-165	Using Equations to Solve Percent Problems
		HA1-170	Solving Percent of Change Problems
		HA1-135	Evaluating Formulas
		HA1-385	Finding the Slope of a Line from its Graph or from the Coordinates of Two Points
		HA1-480	Finding the Square Roots of Rational Numbers
		HA1-485	Writing Rational Numbers as Decimals or Fractions
		HA1-910	Complex Numbers
9-12.A.1.3	Determine the relative position on the number line and the relative magnitude of integers, decimals, rationals, irrationals, and numbers in scientific notation.	HA1-015	Graphing Real Numbers Using a Number Line
		HA1-025	Comparing and Ordering Real Numbers
		HA1-235	Applying Scientific Notation
		HA1-020	Classifying Numbers into Subsets of Real Numbers
		HA1-485	Writing Rational Numbers as Decimals or Fractions
9-12.A.1.4	Explain that the distance between two numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference.	HA1-030	Using Opposites and Absolute Values
9-12.A.1.5	Use a variety of computational methods, recognize when an estimate or approximation is more appropriate than an exact answer, and understand the limits on precision of approximations.	MPA-134	Distinguishing Between Exact and Approximate Answers
		MPA-134	Calculating with Precision, Accuracy, and Significant Digits
9-12.A.1.6	Simplify numerical expressions using the order of operations, including integer exponents.	HA1-060	Evaluating Numerical Expressions Using the Order of Operations
		HA1-810	Simplifying Expressions Using the Multiplication Properties of Exponents
		HA1-065	Evaluating Expressions Containing Exponents
9-12.A.1.7	Translate verbal statements into algebraic expressions or equations.	HA1-095	Translating Word Phrases into Algebraic Expressions
9-12.A.1.8	Solve formulas for specified variables	HA1-070	Evaluating Formulas for Given Values of the Variables
		HA1-175	Solving Literal Equations
9-12.A.1.9	Solve quadratic equations in one variable.	HA1-305	Solving Polynomial Equations by Factoring
		HA1-310	The Practical Use of Polynomial Equations

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		HA1-525	Solving Quadratic Equations Involving Perfect Square Expressions
		HA1-530	Solving Quadratic Equations by Completing the Square
		HA1-535	Developing the Quadratic Formula and Using it to Solve Equations
		HA1-536	Solving Quadratic Equations Using the Graphing Calculator
9-12A.1.10	Solve radical equations involving one radical.	HA1-510	Solving Radical Equations
9-12.A.1.11	Describe the properties of rational exponents and apply these properties to simplify algebraic expressions.	HA1-492	Simplifying Square and Cube Roots
		HA1-495	Simplifying Sums and Differences of Radicals
		HA1-500	Simplifying Products of Radicals
		HA1-505	Simplifying Quotients of Radicals
9-12.A.1.12	Explain and use equivalent representations for algebraic expressions (e.g., simplify using the distributive property).	HA1-075	Simplifying Algebraic Expressions by Combining Like Terms
		HA1-076	Basic Distributive Property
		HA1-085	Simplifying Expressions Using the Properties of Real Numbers
		HA1-079	Using a Concrete Model to Simplify Algebraic Expressions
		HA1-090	Simplifying Expressions Using the Property of -1
		HA1-080	Simplifying and Evaluating Algebraic Expressions Containing Grouping Symbols
9-12.A.1.13	Simplify rational expressions by factoring and reducing to lowest terms.	HA1-315	Defining Rational Expressions and Determining the Restricted Values
		HA1-320	Simplifying Rational Expressions
		HA1-335	Finding the LCD of Rational Expressions and Changing Fractions to Equivalent Fractions
		HA1-862	Dividing Polynomials Using Factoring
9-12.A.1.14	Evaluate polynomial, rational, radical, and absolute value expressions for one or more variables.	HA1-439	Using Function Notation
		HA1-005	Evaluating Algebraic Expressions
		HA1-065	Evaluating Expressions Containing Exponents
		HA1-030	Using Opposites and Absolute Values
		HA1-480	Finding the Square Roots of Rational Numbers
		HA1-490	Simplifying Square Roots
		HA1-135	Evaluating Formulas
9-12.A.1.15	Compare and order polynomial expressions by degree.	HA1-240	Identifying the Degree of Polynomials and Simplifying by Combining Like Terms
9-12.A.1.16	Factor polynomials of various types (e.g., difference of squares, perfect square trinomials, sum and difference of cubes).	HA1-270	Factoring the Greatest Common Monomial Factor from a Polynomial
		HA1-271	Factoring Trinomials and the Differences of Squares Using Algebra Tiles
		HA1-275	Factoring the Difference Between Two Squares and Perfect Square Trinomials
		HA1-276	Factoring Sums and Differences of Cubes
		HA1-280	Factoring $x^2 + bx + c$ When c is Greater Than Zero
		HA1-285	Factoring $x^2 + bx + c$ When c is Less Than Zero
		HA1-290	Factoring $ax^2 + bx + c$
		HA1-291	Factoring Quadratic Equations Using the Graphing Calculator
		HA1-295	Factoring by Removing a Common Factor and Grouping
		HA1-300	Factoring a Polynomial Completely
9-12.A.1.17	Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable including those involving the absolute value of a linear function.	HA1-115	Using the Addition and Subtraction Properties for Equations
		HA1-120	Using the Multiplication and Division Properties for Equations
		HA1-124	Using a Concrete Model to Solve One- and Two-Step Equations
		HA1-125	Solving Equations Using More Than One Property
		HA1-140	Solving Equations by Combining Like Terms
		HA1-144	Using a Concrete Model to Solve Equations with Variables on Both Sides

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		HA1-145	Solving Equations with Variables on Both Sides
		HA1-360	Expressing Ratios in Simplest Form and Solving Equations Involving Proportions
		HA1-382	Solving Linear Equations Using the Graphing Calculator
		HA1-180	Graphing Equations and Inequalities on the Number Line
		HA1-185	Solving Inequalities Using the Addition and Subtraction Properties
		HA1-190	Solving Inequalities Using the Multiplication and Division Properties
		HA1-195	Solving Inequalities Using More Than One Property
		HA1-200	Combined Inequalities
		HA1-205	Solving Combined Inequalities
		HA1-210	Solving Equations Involving Absolute Value
		HA1-215	Solving Absolute Value Inequalities
9-12.A.1.18	Use the four basic operations (+, -, ×, ÷) with linear, polynomial, and rational expressions in contextual situations.	HA1-150	Writing an Equation to Solve Word Problems
		HA1-155	Writing an Equation to Solve Consecutive Integer Problems
		HA1-160	Writing an Equation to Solve Distance, Rate, and Time Problems
		HA1-362	Solving Work Problems
		HA1-165	Using Equations to Solve Percent Problems
		HA1-170	Solving Percent of Change Problems
		HA1-310	The Practical Use of Polynomial Equations
		HA1-805	Applying Algebra Concepts
		HA1-945	Real-World Applications of Quadratic Functions
9-12.A.1.19	Use the four basic operations (+, -, ×, ÷) in contextual situations with numbers in scientific notation, and express the results with the appropriate number of significant figures.	HA1-235	Applying Scientific Notation
9-12.A.2.1	Distinguish between the concept of a relation and a function.	HA1-436	Identifying Relations
		HA1-437	Identifying Relations as Functions
9-12.A.2.2	Determine whether a relation defined by a graph, a set of ordered pairs, a table of values, an equation, or a rule is a function.	HA1-437	Identifying Relations as Functions
9-12.A.2.3	Translate among tabular, symbolic, and graphical representations of functions and relations.	HA1-402	Translating Among Multiple Representations of Functions
9-12.A.2.4	Construct a linear function that represents a given graph.	HA1-441	Applications of Functions and Relations Involving Distance, Rate, and Time
		HA1-442	Interpreting Graphs of Functions in Real-Life Situations
9-12.A.2.5	Explain and use function notation in both abstract and contextual situations and evaluate a function at a specific point in its domain.	HA1-438	Finding the Domain and Range of Functions
		HA1-439	Using Function Notation
9-12.A.2.6	Graph a linear equation and demonstrate that it has a constant rate of change.	HA1-380	Graphing Linear Equations
		HA1-398	Graphing Linear Equations Using Slope and y-Intercept or Slope and a Point
9-12.A.2.7	Graph a linear inequality in two variables.	HA1-415	Graphing Linear Inequalities with Two Variables
		HA1-416	Graphing Linear Inequalities with Two Variables Using the Graphing Calculator
9-12.A.2.8	Graph a quadratic function and understand the relationship between its real zeros and the x-intercepts of its graph.	HA1-927	Graphing $f(x) = ax^2$ Using Dilations
		HA1-928	Graphing $f(x) = ax^2$ Using Dilations and Reflections
		HA1-929	Graphing $f(x) = ax^2 + c$ Using Dilations, Reflections, and Vertical Translations
		HA1-935	Analyzing Graphs of Quadratic Functions
9-12.A.2.9	Graph exponential functions and identify their key characteristics as related to contextual situations.	HA1-820	Graphing Exponential Functions (Future release)
		HA1-825	Exponential Growth and Decay (Future release)
9-12.A.2.10	Identify and describe symmetries of graphs.	Content under review	

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9-12.A.2.11	Use the quadratic formula and factoring techniques to determine whether the graph of a quadratic function will intersect the x-axis in zero, one, or two points (include quadratic functions that represent real phenomena).	HA1-535	Developing the Quadratic Formula and Using it to Solve Equations
		HA1-536	Solving Quadratic Equations Using the Graphing Calculator
		HA1-805	Applying Algebra Concepts
9-12.A.2.12	Explain the meaning of the real and complex roots of quadratic functions in contextual situations.	HA1-905	Quadratic Equations with Irrational Roots
		HA1-925	Using the Discriminant to Analyze the Solution of a Quadratic Equation
9-12.A.2.13	Read information and draw conclusions from graphs, and identify properties of a graph that provide useful information about the original problem.	HA1-955	Analyzing Linear Functions
		HA1-935	Analyzing Graphs of Quadratic Functions
		HA1-442	Interpreting Graphs of Functions in Real-Life Situations
		HA1-887	Applications of Absolute Value, Step, and Constant Functions
9-12.A.2.14	Understand the relationship between the coefficients of a linear equation and the slope and x- and y- intercepts of its graphs.	HA1-401	How Variations of "m" and "b" Affect the Graph of $y = mx + b$
9-12.A.2.15	Evaluate estimated rate of change in a contextual situations.	MPA-140	Examining Linear Equations in Slope-Intercept Form
		MPA-142	Solving Problems With Linear Functions and Direct Variation
9-12.A.3.1	Model real-world phenomena using linear equations and linear inequalities interpret resulting solutions, and use estimation to detect errors.	HA1-104	Translating Word Statements into Equations
		HA1-105	Translating Word Statements into Inequalities
		HA1-442	Interpreting Graphs of Functions in Real-Life Situations
		HA1-960	Real-World Applications of Linear Functions
9-12.A.3.2	Model real-world phenomena using quadratic equations, interpret resulting solutions, and use estimation to detect errors.	HA1-940	Applications of Quadratic Equations
		HA1-945	Real-World Applications of Quadratic Functions
9-12.A.3.3	Model real-world phenomena using exponential equations, interpret resulting solutions, and use estimation to detect errors.	HA1-820	Graphing Exponential Functions (Future release)
		HA1-825	Exponential Growth and Decay (Future release)
9-12.A.3.4	Solve systems of linear equations in two variables algebraically and graphically.	HA1-455	Solving Systems of Linear Equations by Graphing
		HA1-460	Solving Systems of Linear Equations by the Substitution Method
		HA1-465	Solving Systems of Linear Equations by the Addition/Subtraction Method
		HA1-470	Solving Systems of Linear Equations by the Multiply/Add/Subtract Method
		HA1-806	Solving Systems of Linear Equations Using the Graphing Calculator
9-12.A.3.5	Solve applications involving systems of two equations in two variables.	HA1-870	Solving Problems with Systems of Linear Equations and Inequalities
9-12.A.3.6	Write an equation of the line that passes through two given points.	HA1-410	Determining an Equation of a Line Given the Coordinates of Two Points
9-12.A.3.7	Verify that a point lies on a line, given an equation of the line, and be able to derive linear equations given a point and a slope.	HA1-375	Identifying Solutions of Equations in Two Variables
		HA1-405	Determining an Equation of a Line Given the Slope and Coordinates of One Point
9-12.A.3.8	Determine whether the graphs of two given linear equations are parallel, perpendicular, coincide or none of these.	HA1-866	Drawing a Line Using Slope-Intercept Form and Determining if Two Lines are Parallel or Perpendicular
		HA1-395	Finding the Equation of a Line Parallel or Perpendicular to a Given Line
GEOMETRY AND TRIGONOMETRY			
9-12.G.1.1	Understand that numerical values associated with measurements of physical quantities must be assigned units of measurement or dimensions; apply such units correctly in expressions, equations and problem solutions that involve measurements; and convert a measurement using one unit of measurement to another unit of measurement.	Throughout	

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9-12.G.1.2	Find the area and perimeter of a geometric figure composed of a combination of two or more rectangles, triangles, and/or semicircles with just edges in common.	MPA-055	Finding the Perimeter of a Figure
		MPA-067	Finding the Area of Rectangles and Parallelograms
		MPA-069	Finding the Area of Triangles and Trapezoids
		MPA-070	Finding the Circumference of a Circle
		MPA-071	Finding the Area of a Circle
		MPA-068	Finding the Area of Irregular Figures
		HA1-890	Using Models to Derive Formulas for Two-Dimensional Geometric Figures
9-12.G.1.3	Draw three-dimensional objects and calculate the surface areas and volumes of these figures (e.g. prisms, cylinders, pyramids, cones, spheres) as well as figures constructed from unions of prisms with faces in common, given the formulas for these figures.	MPA-072	Identifying 3-D Figures
		MPA-073	Finding the Surface Area of Rectangular Prisms
		MPA-074	Finding the Surface Area of Cylinders
		MPA-075	Finding the Volume of Rectangular Prisms
		MPA-076	Finding the Volume of Cylinders
		MPA-115	Finding the Volumes of Prisms, Cylinders, Pyramids, and Cones Using Models
		HA1-891	Using Models to Derive Formulas for Three-Dimensional Solids
9-12.G.1.4	Identify the hypothesis and conclusion in examples of conditional statements.	HA1-449	Applying Inductive and Deductive Reasoning
		HGM-030	Deductive Reasoning: Writing Conditional Statements
9-12.G.1.5	Use definitions in making logical arguments.	HGM-035	Using Deductive Reasoning: Algebraic Proof
9-12.G.1.6	Use counterexamples to show that an assertion is false and recognize that a single counterexample is sufficient to refute a universal statement.	HGM-027	Identifying Counterexamples and Using Proof by Contradiction
9-12.G.1.7	Explain the difference between inductive and deductive reasoning and provide examples of each.	HA1-449	Applying Inductive and Deductive Reasoning
9-12.G.1.8	Explain why, for inductive reasoning, showing a statement is true for a finite number of examples does not show it is true for all cases unless the cases verified are all possible cases.	HGM-020	Using Inductive Reasoning
		HA1-449	Applying Inductive and Deductive Reasoning
9-12.G.1.9	Write geometric proofs, including proofs by contradiction, and perform and explain basic geometric constructions related to: theorems involving the properties of parallel and perpendicular lines, circles, and polygons; theorems involving complementary, supplementary, and congruent angles; theorems involving congruence and similarity; and the Pythagorean theorem.	HGM-045	Applying Properties of Complementary and Supplementary Angles
		HGM-060	Examining Angle Relationships and Parallel Lines
		HGM-065	Proving Lines Parallel
		HGM-075	Examining Perpendicular Lines
		MPA-121	Identifying Similar and Congruent Polygons Using Proportions
		HA1-515	Using the Pythagorean Theorem
		HA1-516	Applications of the Pythagorean Theorem
9-12.G.1.10	Recognize that there are geometries, other than Euclidean geometry, in which the parallel postulate is not true.	HGM-227	Exploring Non-Euclidean Geometry (Future release)
9-12.G.2.1	Identify the origin, coordinate axes, and four quadrants on the Cartesian coordinate plane, and draw and label them correctly.	HA1-370	Graphing Ordered Pairs on a Coordinate Plane
9-12.G.2.2	Determine the midpoint and distance between two points within a coordinate system and relate these ideas to geometric figures in the plane (e.g., find the center of a circle given the two points of a diameter of the circle).	HGM-080	Finding the Midpoint of a Segment

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9-12.G.2.3	Use basic geometric ideas (e.g., the Pythagorean theorem, area and perimeter) in the context of the Cartesian coordinate plane (e.g., calculate the perimeter of a rectangle with integer coordinates and with sides parallel to the coordinate axes, and of a rectangle with sides not parallel).	HGM-085 MPA-160	Finding the Distance Between Two Points Plotting Polygons and Finding the Area
9-12.G.3.1	Use rigid motions (compositions of reflections, translations and rotations) to determine whether two geometric figures are congruent in a coordinate plane.	MPA-108	Graphing Translations and Reflections on the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-120	Applying Dilations in the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-180	Examining Line and Rotational Symmetry
		HGM-120	Exploring Composite Transformations (Future release)
9-12.G.3.2	Sketch a planar figure that is the result of given transformations (i.e., translation, reflection, rotation, and/or dilation).	MPA-108	Graphing Translations and Reflections on the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-120	Applying Dilations in the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-180	Examining Line and Rotational Symmetry
9-12.G.3.3	Identify similarity in terms of transformations.	MPA-108	Graphing Translations and Reflections on the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-120	Applying Dilations in the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-180	Examining Line and Rotational Symmetry
9-12.G.3.4	Determine the effects of transformations on linear and area measurements of the original planar figure	MPA-108	Graphing Translations and Reflections on the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-120	Applying Dilations in the Coordinate Plane
		MPA-180	Examining Line and Rotational Symmetry
9-12.G.4.1	Solve contextual problems using congruence and similarity relationships of triangles (e.g., find the height of a pole given the length of its shadow).	MPA-121	Identifying Similar and Congruent Polygons Using Proportions
		HGM-305	Applying Properties of Similar Polygons (Future release)
9-12.G.4.2	Solve problems involving complementary, supplementary, and congruent angles.	HA1-889	Complementary and Supplementary Angles
		HGM-045	Applying Properties of Complementary and Supplementary Angles
9-12.G.4.3	Know that the effect of a scale factor k on length, area and volume is to multiply each by k , k^2 and k^3 , respectively.	MPA-111	Comparing Perimeters, Areas, and Volumes of Similar Geometric Figures and Solids
9-12.G.4.4	Solve problems using the Pythagorean theorem.	HA1-515	Using the Pythagorean Theorem
		HA1-516	Applications of the Pythagorean Theorem
9-12.G.4.5	Understand how similarity of right triangles allows the trigonometric functions sine, cosine and tangent to be defined as ratios of sides and be able to use these functions to solve problems.	HGM-340	Exploring Trigonometric Ratios (Future release)
9-12.G.4.6	Apply basic trigonometric functions to solve right-triangle problems.	HGM-345	Applying Trigonometric Ratios (Future release)
9-12.G.4.7	Use angle and side relationships in problems with special right triangles (e.g., 30-, 60-, 90-, and 45-, 45-, 90-degree triangles).	HGM-215	Investigating Properties of the 30°-60°-90° Triangle
		HGM-220	Investigating Properties of the 45°-45°-90° Triangle
9-12.G.4.8	Describe the intersections of a line and a plane, intersections of lines in the plane and in space, or of two planes in space.	MPA-072	Identifying 3-D Figures
		HGM-005	Applying Postulates and Undefined Terms
DATA ANALYSIS AND PROBABILITY			
9-12.D.1.1	Explain the differences between various methods of data collection.	MM1-385	Collecting Data
		MPA-840	Interpreting Data
9-12.D.1.2	Describe the characteristics of a well-designed and well-conducted survey by differentiating between sampling and census, and a biased and unbiased sample.	MM1-385	Collecting Data
		MPA-840	Interpreting Data
9-12.D.1.3	Describe the characteristics of a well-designed and well-conducted	MM1-385	Collecting Data

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	experiment by differentiating between experiments and observational studies, and recognizing the sources of bias in poorly designed experiments.		
		MPA-840	Interpreting Data
9-12.D.1.4	Explain the role of randomization in well-designed surveys and experiments.	MM1-385	Collecting Data
		MPA-840	Interpreting Data
9-12.D.2.1	Distinguish measurement data from categorical data, and define the term variable.	HA1-545	Making a Frequency Distribution Table
9-12.D.2.2	Explain the meaning of univariate and bivariate data.	Content under review	
9-12.D.2.3	Display the distribution of univariate data, describe its shape using appropriate summary statistics, and understand the distinction between a statistic and a parameter.	Content under review	
9-12.D.2.4	Calculate and apply measures of variability (e.g., standard deviation).	HA1-555	Computing the Range, Variance, and Standard Deviation of a Set of Data
9-12.D.2.5	Compare distributions of univariate data using back-to-back stem and leaf plots and parallel box and whisker plots.	MPA-096	Constructing Stem-and-Leaf Plots
		MPA-097	Constructing Box-and-Whisker Plots
9-12.D.2.6	Describe the characteristics of a normal distribution.	HA1-885	Histograms and the Normal Distribution
9-12.D.2.7	Compare and draw conclusions between two or more sets of univariate data using basic data analysis techniques and summary statistics.	HA1-555	Computing the Range, Variance, and Standard Deviation of a Set of Data
		HA1-541	Analyzing Data Using the Measures of Central Tendency and the Range
9-12.D.2.8	Describe the shape of a scatterplot.	MPA-132	Interpreting and Creating Scatterplots
		HA1-965	Determining the Best-Fitting Line
9-12.D.2.9	Use linear patterns in data to make predictions.	MPA-132	Interpreting and Creating Scatterplots
		HA1-965	Determining the Best-Fitting Line
9-12.D.2.10	Use technological tools to find the line of best fit.	HA1-892	Data Analysis Using the Graphing Calculator
9-12.D.2.11	Describe the relationship between two variables and determine its strength with and without technological tools.	HA1-892	Data Analysis Using the Graphing Calculator
9-12.D.2.12	Explain why correlation does not imply a cause-and-effect relationship.	MPA-132	Interpreting and Creating Scatterplots
		HA1-965	Determining the Best-Fitting Line
9-12.D.2.13	Use the results of simulations to explore the variability of sample statistics from a known population and construct sampling distributions.	Content under review	
9-12.D.2.14	Describe how sample statistics, including the law of large numbers, reflect the values of population parameters and use sampling distributions as the basis for informal inference.	Content under review	
9-12.D.2.15	Evaluate published reports that are based on data by examining the design of the study, the appropriateness of the data.	Content under review	
9-12.D.3.1	Explain the concept of a random variable.	Content under review	
9-12.D.3.2	Explain how the relative frequency of a specified outcome of an event can be used to estimate the probability of the outcome.	HA1-560	Determining Probability of an Event and Complementary Event from a Random Experiment
		HA1-565	Solving Problems Involving Independent, Dependent, and Mutually Exclusive and Inclusive Events
9-12.D.3.3	Use the results of simulations to compute the expected value and probabilities of random variables in simple cases.	HA1-560	Determining Probability of an Event and Complementary Event from a Random Experiment
		HA1-565	Solving Problems Involving Independent, Dependent, and Mutually Exclusive and Inclusive Events
9-12.D.3.4	Compute the probability of an event using the complement rule, addition rule for disjoint and joint events, multiplication rule for independent events, and rules for conditional probability.	HA1-560	Determining Probability of an Event and Complementary Event from a Random Experiment

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		HA1-565	Solving Problems Involving Independent, Dependent, and Mutually Exclusive and Inclusive Events

MM1-Fundamentals of Mathematics

MPA- Pre-Algebra

HA1-Algebra 1

Note: Standards were taken from the New Mexico High School (9-12) Mathematics Standards document adopted by the New Mexico State Board of Education in June 2002 and reformatted in January 2008.